# **OPEN LATARJET FOR ANTERIOR STABILIZATION** CLINICAL PRACTICE GUIDELINE; TRADITIONAL AND ACCELERATED

#### Background

Ohio State's Latarjet Anterior Shoulder Stabilization Rehabilitation Guideline is to be utilized following open anterior shoulder stabilization procedures. During the procedure the anterior coracoid is harvested and attached to the deficient portion of the anterior glenoid to improve stability. During surgery the subscapularis will be either split or taken down and repaired. Ohio State's TRADITIONAL Latarjet Anterior Shoulder Stabilization Rehabilitation Guideline is to be utilized following an anterior stabilization when the subscapularis is taken down and repaired.

The ACCELERATED Latarjet Anterior Shoulder Stabilization Rehabilitation Guideline is to be utilized when the subscapularis is split - and not taken down. It is imperative that the treating therapist understands which technique was utilized in surgery. This rehabilitation guideline is intended to be used in conjunction with the therapist and surgeon's collaborative input. Therapists should obtain the operative note to ensure an understanding of the procedure performed. Please consult referring surgeon for operative note.



# **Summary of Recommendations**

<b>Risk Factors</b>	Traditional and Accelerated:	
	Excessive joint laxity	
	Exceeding guideline ROM recommendat	ions/goals
	History of instability	
	Comorbidities including, but not limited to	o, connective tissue disorders
Precautions	Traditional and Accelerated:	
	<ul> <li>No supporting of body weight with affected</li> <li>Progression of ROM should not be forced</li> <li>Refer back to surgeon with any positive a</li> <li>Limit active biceps AROM for first 6-8 we and short head of the biceps for 6 weeks</li> <li>Avoid heavy bicep exercises for 12 week</li> <li>Return to jogging should be not initiated presentation and physician clearance</li> <li>Return to non-contact sport 5-6 months; climbing</li> <li>Initiation of throwing program around mo</li> <li>No Olympic lifting or bar bench press unt</li> </ul>	ed side (i.e. pushing self up from a chair) d and is per patient's tolerance apprehension testing eks due to detachment of coracobrachialis s until 10-12 weeks depending on patient minimum of 6 months for contact sports and nth 4 with goal of return to game at 9 months il 6 months Accelerated:
	ROM (precautions must be	ROM (precautions must be
	followed for 6 weeks)	followed for 6 weeks)
	No ER past 30 degrees	No ER past 30 degrees
	No cross body adduction	No cross body adduction
	No active IR or IR benind the back     Avoid extension behind the bady	No active IR of IR benind the back
	• Avoid extension bennid the body	<ul> <li>Resisted IR may begin at 4 weeks</li> </ul>
		Kesisten may begin at 4 weeks
Manual	Traditional and Accelerated:	
Therapy	Passive ROM not to exceed guideline     Soft tissue mobilization per clinical judgm	ant
	<ul> <li>Joint mobilizations per guideline to reduct</li> </ul>	e pain and improve mobility
Corrective	Traditional and Accelerated:	
Interventions	Therapeutic exercises to optimize rotator cuff and periscapular strength	
	<ul> <li>Neuromuscular re-education to improve joint stability and proprioception</li> </ul>	
	Therapeutic activity to improve ADL and	leisure activities
	<ul> <li>Manual (PROM, AAROM, AROM) to rest</li> <li>Modalities to control pain and swelling</li> </ul>	ore normal ROM per guidelines
Outcomo	Inodances to control pain and swelling  Traditional and Appalarated:	
Testing		
	<ul> <li>Disability of Arm Shoulder and Hand (DA)</li> <li>Kerlan-Jobe Orthopaedic Clinic (KJOC) (</li> </ul>	Questionnaire



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Criteria for discharge with return to sport (6-12 months)	Traditional and Accelerated:
	<ul> <li>Full AROM appropriate for patient</li> <li>5/5 MMT shoulder and scapular strength</li> <li>No substitution patterns</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Independent with home exercise program per patient needs</li> <li>Low pain scores</li> <li>Return to full abilities with ADLs</li> <li>Initiation and guidance with return to sport phase</li> </ul>

## Phase I: Protection (Post Surgical- 0-6 weeks)

Post Operative to 6 weeks	Goals Traditional and Accelerated: Max protection of surgical repair (capsule, ligaments, labrum, sutures) Achieve staged ROM goals - do not significantly exceed Patient education on post-op restrictions and maintaining appropriate posture Minimize shoulder pain and inflammatory response Ensure adequate scapular function
Post Operative to 3 weeks	<ul> <li>Traditional and Accelerated:</li> <li>Protection <ul> <li>Sling usage 6 weeks (discuss with physician) including while sleeping</li> </ul> </li> <li>ROM Goals by week 3 <ul> <li>All ROM is to first end feel only</li> <li>Forward elevation to 90 degrees (or to initial tissue barrier if beyond 90 degrees)</li> <li>ER in scapular plane to 20 degrees (no ER at 90 degrees abduction)</li> <li>No abduction or internal rotation</li> <li>Elbow/wrist/hand ROM as tolerated</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Weeks 4 to 6	ROM Goals by week 6         Traditional and Accelerated: <i>PROM</i> • Forward elevation limited to 135 degrees         • IR to 50 degrees         • Abduction to 115 degrees         • ER in the scapular plane to 30 degrees         • ER at 90 degrees abduction to 30 degrees         • Start AAROM         • Cane and wall walks with limitations to 135 degrees         • Pendulum exercises         AROM         • Begin at week 4 within limitations to 115 degrees flexion         • May begin elbow AROM



	Strengthening	Strengthening
	Traditional:	Accelerated:
	<ul> <li>Begin <u>submaximal</u> isometrics (ER, Abduction, Flexion, Extension to hip only. No IR)</li> <li>Scapular stabilization (scapular clocks)</li> <li>ER with light, non-fatiguing theraband at 30 degrees of abduction (open pack position) - within ROM restrictions</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Begin <u>submaximal</u> isometrics (ER, IR, Abduction, Flexion, Extension to hip only)</li> <li>Progress to maximal isometrics as tolerated</li> <li>Scapular stabilization (scapular clocks)</li> <li>By 6 weeks: theraband or lightly weighted exercises including IR, ER, extension, rows, triceps</li> </ul>
	Cardiovascular	
	Traditional and Accelerated	
	<ul> <li>stationary bike at 4-5 weeks</li> </ul>	
Goals to Progress to Next Phase	<ol> <li>Appropriate healing of surgical repair by a guidelines</li> <li>Staged ROM goals achieved but not sign</li> <li>Minimal to no pain with ROM</li> </ol>	adhering to precautions and immobilization

## Phase II: Intermediate Phase

Weeks 7 to 12	Goals
	Traditional and Accelerated:
	• Achieve staged ROM goals to normalize PROM and AROM – do not significantly
	exceed
	Minimize shoulder pain     Begin to increase strength and endurance
	<ul> <li>Increase functional activities</li> </ul>
Weeks 7 to 9	ROM Goals by week 9
	Traditional and Accelerated: PROM
	May perform joint mobilizations (emphasis on posterior mobility)
	Forward elevation 155 degrees
	<ul> <li>IR at 90 degrees of abduction to 60 degrees by week 8-9</li> </ul>
	ER at 20 degrees ABD to 60 degrees
	ER at 90 degrees ABD to 75 degrees
	Initiate posterior capsule stretching
	AROM Elevation to 145 degrees
	• Elevation to 145 degrees
	Strengthening
	Traditional and Accelerated:
	Begin light UBE
	Continuation of PRE's for scapular stabilizers (rows, shoulder extension, scapular
	retraction) utilizing low load, high repetition of 12-15 repetitions
	<ul> <li>Dynamic resistance with FNF patients and manual techniques</li> <li>Elbow extension strengthening using light weight/high rens</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Begin CKC exercise with table/wall weight shifts while keeping hands shoulder width or</li> </ul>
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	closer	
	Initiate light resistance band ER/IR at 8 weeks	
	Initiate SA punches at 9 weeks	
Weeks 10 to 12	Traditional and Accelerated:	
	Initiation of jogging with physician clearance	
	ROM Goals by week 12	
	Traditional and Accelerated:	
	Elevation WNI	
	<b>Strengthening-</b> Initiate progressive loading program in this phase. Be aware to minimize stress placed on the anterior shoulder-don't overstress the anterior capsule (avoid deep push-ups, presses with elbows in extension, etc).	
	Traditional and Accelerated:	
	Initiate subscapularis resistance training	
	Initiate bicep curls at 10 weeks (light resistance initially)	
	<ul> <li>Initiate dumbbell and free weight training at 10 weeks</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Initiate push ups at 10-12 weeks (neutral position)</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Progress PREs in all planes using progressive weight and high repetitions</li> </ul>	
	Rhythmic stabilization i.e. prone medicine ball eccentric drops, free throws, ball taps,     etc	
	<ul> <li>Progress CKC exercises while keeping hands shoulder width or closer</li> </ul>	
Goals to Progress to Next Phase	<ul> <li>Staged AROM goals achieved with minimal to no pain and without substitution patterns</li> <li>Appropriate scapular posture at rest and dynamic scapular control during ROM and strengthening exercises</li> <li>Strengthening activities completed with minimal to no pain</li> </ul>	

## Phase III: Advanced Activity Phase

Weeks 12-20	Goals
	<ul> <li>Traditional and Accelerated:</li> <li>Normalize strength, endurance, neuromuscular control, and power</li> <li>Gradual and planned build up of stress to anterior capsulolabral tissues</li> <li>Gradual return to full ADLs, work, and recreational activities</li> </ul>



Weeks 12 to 16	ROM
	<ul> <li>Traditional and Accelerated:</li> <li>Terminal ER stretches at 12 weeks</li> <li>Self-capsular stretches, AROM, and passive stretching as needed</li> </ul>
	Strengthening
	<ul> <li>Traditional and Accelerated:</li> <li>Advanced isotonics</li> <li>Initiate plyometrics (2-handed drills) i.e. chest pass</li> </ul>

- Ball catch/toss at 90 degrees abduction position
- Begin dumbbell pec exercises with reduced motion in horizontal abduction to 45 degrees
- Begin light resitance training except: military press, pull ups, behind head pull-downs, overhead tricep extensions.
- <u>Elbow should stay at or in front of midline of the body to reduce anterior shoulder stress</u> <u>early in this phase</u>
- Advance push ups with elbows >90 at or following week 16
- Initiate overhead strengthening at week 16

#### Phase IV: Return to Sport/Activity

Weeks 16 to 20	ROM
	<ul><li>Traditional and Accelerated:</li><li>May begin more aggressive stretching techniques</li></ul>
Goals to Progress to Return to Sport	<ul> <li>Strengthening</li> <li>Traditional and Accelerated: <ul> <li>Begin overhead PRE's – never behind midline of body</li> <li>Begin light toss or volley (refer to return to throwing program)</li> <li>Continue with specific training program</li> <li>Return to full activity</li> <li>Bench Press with bar at 6 months</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	<ol> <li>Progress functional activities towards return activity or sport</li> <li>Enhance neuro-muscular control</li> <li>Improve strength, power, and endurance</li> <li>Muscular strength no less than 80% of contralateral side</li> <li>Full functional ROM</li> <li>5/5 scapular and rotator cuff strength</li> </ol>



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